COST-EFFECTIVENESS MODELLING USING PATIENT-LEVEL SIMULATION



Patient level simulations (or individual sampling models) estimate the mean costs and benefits for a group of people by considering the costs and benefits of each individual person within that group.

WHY?



To model factors which vary between patients and have a non-linear relationship with model outcomes

To incorporate the history of past events





To avoid limitations of using a discrete time interval

To develop a flexible model as an investment for future analyses





To model interactions between people or with resources

How?



Translate pathway into series of sequential events

Sample times to events from distributions or national lifetable data





Track the path of each person through the model

Discount costs and QALYs accrued over time, using a continuous function



GOOD PRACTICE

MML Only make simulated patients queue for IN resources when absolutely necessary

Simulate enough patients to achieve acceptably accurate results



As for all models:



Conduct PSA using mathematical

Present the intended and actual model structure





erify and validate the model



For further information: Technical Support Document 15 available from http://nicedsu.org.uk